# CSCI 4229/5229 Computer Graphics Summer 2023

# Course Objectives

- Class: Theory and principles
  - Attendance is highly encouraged
- Assignments: Practical OpenGL
  - Applications
- No tests or exams
- By the end of the course you will:
  - Be conversant in computer graphics principles
  - Be well versed in the use of OpenGL
  - Understand what OpenGL does internally

#### Class Attendance

- It is expected that you join the live Zoom class
  - Permits real time interaction
  - Amplifies expectations and issues related to assignments
  - Additional examples
- Zoom etiquette
  - Mute yourself when joining
  - It is OK to interrupt if I don't notice your raised hand or question in the chat window
  - Turn on your camera, especially when participating in a discussion

#### Course Outline

- Basics (1/3)
  - Projections, transformations, clipping, rendering, text, color, hidden edge and surface removal, and interaction
- Advanced (1/3)
  - Illumination, shading, transparency, texture mapping, parametric surfaces, shaders
- Project (1/3)
  - Whatever you're interested in: games, modeling, visualization, 'Google Earth', ....

# Why OpenGL?

- Modern, widely used and actively supported
  - Games
  - 3D visualization
- Cross platform
  - Windows
  - Mac
  - \*NIX
  - iPhone and Android
- Open source and vendor implementations
  - MESA 3D (source code available)
- Many language bindings

#### Instructor

- Willem A (Vlakkies) Schreüder
- Email: vlakkies@colorado.edu
  - Begin subject with 4229 or 5229
    - I have a draconian mail filter
  - Resend email not answered promptly
- Office Hours (Zoom):
  - Before and after Class
  - By appointment
- Weekday Contact Hours: 6:30am 9:00pm

# Assumptions

- You need to be fluent in C
  - Examples are in C
  - You need to know how to program and compile
  - You can do assignments in any language
    - I may need help getting it to work on my system
    - Use C or C++ unless you have a good reason
- You need to be comfortable with linear algebra
  - Vectors, surfaces, normals
  - Matrix and Vector multiplication
  - Dot and cross products
  - Rotation matrices

## Grading

- Satisfactory complete all assignments => A
  - The goal is to impress your friends
- Assignments *must* be submitted on time unless prior arrangements are made
  - Most due Sunday evening 11:59 pm
  - Grace period until Monday morning at 08:00am
  - Assignments emailed or attached as comments on Canvas will not be accepted
- Assignments must be completed individually
  - Stealing ideas are permitted
  - OpenGL code fragments from web may be used
  - Make it your own and improve on it

# **Grading Expectations**

- Code reuse is acceptable
  - Give credit where it is due
  - You take responsibility for errors in reused code
  - You need to make a substantial improvement
    - I'm looking to see that you have insight in the material and put in a significant effort
    - Simply turning in an assignment from a previous semester with minimal changes is *not* acceptable
- No grade => respond to my comments and resubmit
- Grade <100 means NOT SATISFACTORY (not an A)

## Example Programs

- Illustrates specific aspects
  - mode variable heavily overloaded
  - one concept at a time
- Designed to be a starting point
  - you are expected to improve on it
  - cut and paste will not get you an A
- The course is no intended to teach OpenGL, but rather the principles underlying graphics

#### Text

- OpenGL Programming Guide (9ed)
  - Shreiner et al.
  - "OpenGL Vermilion Book"
  - Older edition was the "OpenGL Red Book"
  - Download early editions as PDF
  - Recommended but not required

#### Other Texts

- OpenGL: A Primer, 3/E
  - Edward Angel
  - An excellent and very accessible
  - Inexpensive
  - Third edition adds new material (shaders)
- OpenGL SuperBible: Comprehensive Tutorial and Reference (7ed)
  - Wright, Haemel, Sellers & Lipchak
  - Good all-round theory and applications
  - 6e & 7e is all OpenGL 4 which is a challenge

#### Theoretical text

- Computer Graphics: Principles & Practice (3ed)
  - Foley, van Dam, et. al.
  - Avoid 1ed (Pascal), 2ed (very dated)
  - Get it if you want to know more of the theory

## Embedded OpenGL texts

- OpenGL ES 3.0 Programming Guide
  - Munshi, Ginsburg, Schreiner
  - OpenGL Embeded Systems (iPhone & Android)
  - Subset of OpenGL, 1.3 and 2.0 very different
  - Not recommended for beginners
- iPhone 3D Programming
  - Philip Rideout (O'Reilly series)
  - iPhone specific, but C/C++ oriented so translates well to Android (using the NDK)
  - My personal favorite for portable OpenGL ES

### OpenGL Resources

- Safari
- www.google.com
  - Need I say more?
- www.opengl.org
  - Code and tutorials
- nehe.gamedev.net
  - Excellent tutorials
- www.mesa3d.org
  - Code of "internals"
- Class forum

- Due: Wednesday June 7 at noon
- Find the course on Canvas
- Submit
  - Your name and study area
  - Platform (Hardware, Graphics, OS, ...)
  - Background and interests in computer graphics
  - Project ideas (if you have one already)
  - Office hours availability

# My information

- Mathematical modeling, simulation and data analysis
  - PhD Computational Fluid Dynamics [1986]
  - PhD Parallel Systems (CU Boulder) [2005]
  - President of *Principia Mathematica*
- Use graphics for scientific visualization
- Open source bigot
- Program in C, C++, Fortran and Perl

## Homework Assignments

Hw 0: Who Am I

Hw 1: Visualizing the Lorenz Attractor

Hw 2: Drawing Scene in 3D

Hw 3: Lighting and Textures

Hw 4: Project Proposal

Hw 5: Project Review

Hw 6: Project Final

### How to get started

- Get OpenGL to work on your platform
  - Installing OpenGL with GLUT
  - Compile and run *Hello World* examples
- If you are using Windows
  - Install MSYS2 and use pacman
  - Compile with -DUSEGLEW (see my examples)
- If you are on an X based (\*NIX) platform:
  - yum install freeglut-devel
  - apt-get install freeglut3-dev
  - Run glxinfo and check if direct rendering: yes
- OS/X based on OpenGL
  - Xcode command line
  - homebrew for glfw, SDL, etc.

- Due: Sunday June 11 at 23:59
- Write an OpenGL based visualization of the Lorenz Attractor
  - At a minimum show a line path in 3D
  - User control of attractor parameters
  - Change view angle using cursor keys
  - Use your imagination
- The purpose is scientific visualization
  - Do some sciencehttp://mathworld.wolfram.com/LorenzAttractor.html
- Examples 6 and 7 are your friend

- Due: Sunday June 18 at 23:59
- Write an program to visualize a 3D scene
- Scene must consist of solid 3D objects
  - You must create all objects yourself
    - no GLU/GLUT or imported objects
  - You must replicate some generic objects
- Scene must be viewable from different vantage points under user control
- Generate scene in orthogonal, add perspective and first person navigation

- Due: Sunday June 25 at 23:59
- Write an program to visualize a 3D scene with lighting and textures
  - Make the light move to show lighting effects
  - Select solid objects that show lighting effects
- Add lighting to Assignment 2
- Then add textures
- WARNING: This homework is a LOT harder than the first two

# Project

- Should be a program with a significant graphics component
  - Something useful in your research/work?
  - Graphical front end to simulation
  - Graphical portion of a game
  - Expect more from graduate students
- Deadlines
  - Proposal: Mon June 26 23:59pm
  - Review: Sun July 2 23:59pm
  - Final: Wed July 5 23:59pm
- · Homeworks should lay the groundwork

# **Project Grading**

- Half the total grade for the class
- The grade assigned for the *final* submission is what is counted
- Grades assigned for the review are my assessment of what that final grade will be, and is not counted towards the class grade
  - Canvas is not smart enough to do this, so don't go by the totals it gives you

# CSCI 4239/5239 Advanced Computer Graphics

- Shaders
  - Programing the GPU
- Embedded Systems
  - iPhone, Android, WebGL
- GPU work threads (CUDA & OpenCL)
- Ray Tracing (PBRT)

#### **Nuts and Bolts**

- Complete assignments on any platform
  - Assignments reviewed under Ubuntu 22.04
- Submit using Canvas
  - ZIP
  - Name executables hw1, hw2, ...
  - Create a makefile so I can do make clean; make
  - Set window title to Assignment X: Your Name
- Include number of hours spent on task
- Check my feedback and resubmit if requested
- This is a big class, PLEASE submit cleanly

#### A few hints

- My machine runs Linux x86\_64
  - gcc/g++ with nVidia & GLX
    - -Wall is a **really** good idea
  - case sensitive file names
  - int=32bit, long=64bit
  - little-endian
  - fairly good performance
- How to make my life easier
  - Try it on a Linux box
  - Stick to C/C++ unless you have a good reason to use something else
- · Maintain thy backups...

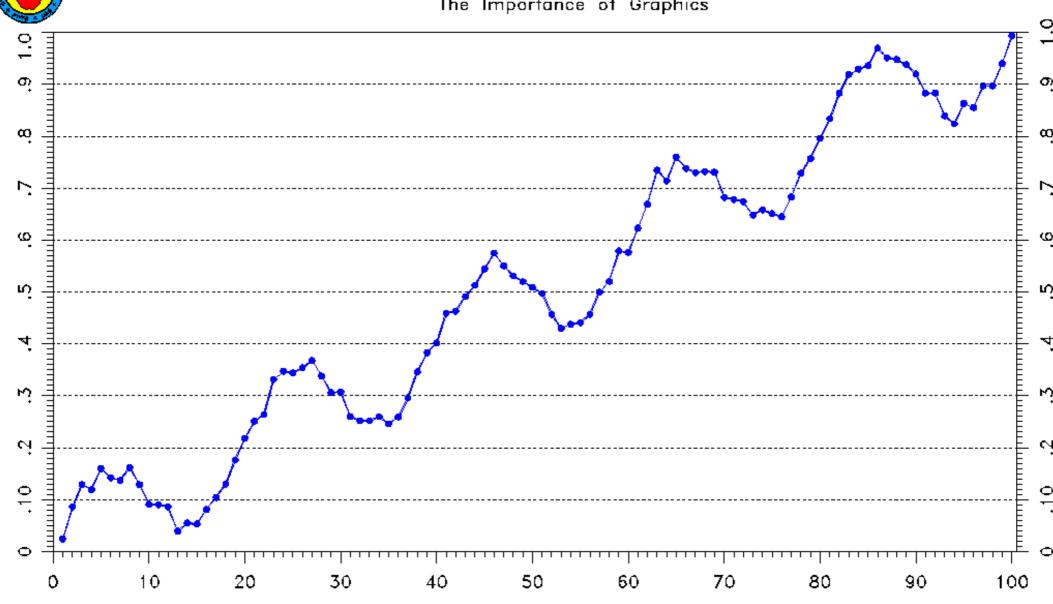
# The Importance of Graphics: 100 Values between 0 and 1

0.02	4 0.086	0.129	0.119	0.160	0.142	0.137	0.162	0.129	0.091
0.09	0.086	0.039	0.055	0.053	0.081	0.104	0.130	0.176	0.218
0.25	1 0.264	0.331	0.347	0.344	0.354	0.368	0.338	0.306	0.307
0.26	0.252	0.252	0.260	0.246	0.259	0.296	0.346	0.383	0.402
0.45	9 0.463	0.491	0.513	0.544	0.575	0.550	0.531	0.520	0.509
0.49	7 0.457	0.430	0.438	0.441	0.457	0.500	0.520	0.579	0.576
0.62	3 0.669	0.735	0.714	0.760	0.738	0.730	0.732	0.731	0.682
0.67	8 0.674	0.648	0.658	0.651	0.645	0.683	0.729	0.757	0.796
0.83	4 0.883	0.919	0.929	0.936	0.970	0.951	0.948	0.938	0.920
0.88	3 0.883	0.839	0.824	0.863	0.855	0.897	0.897	0.940	0.994
		-	-	-	-			-	



#### 100 Values between 0 and 1

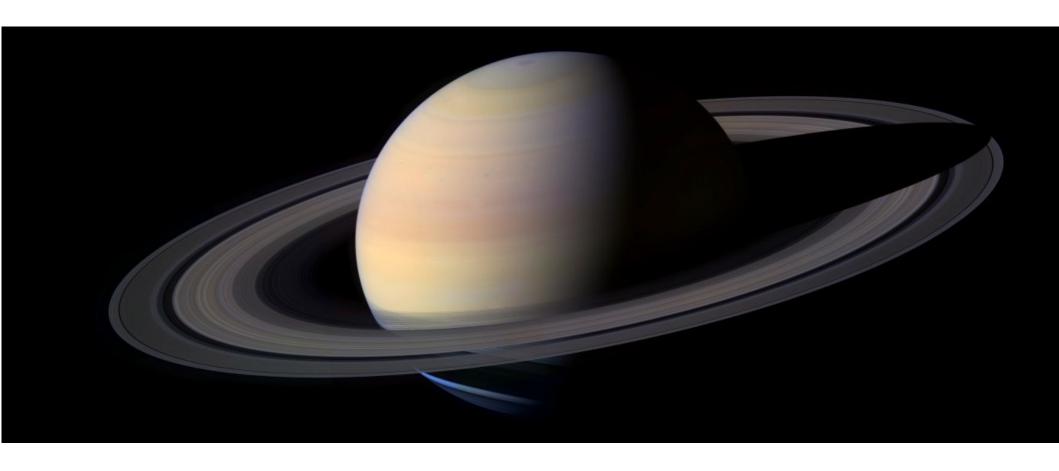
The Importance of Graphics



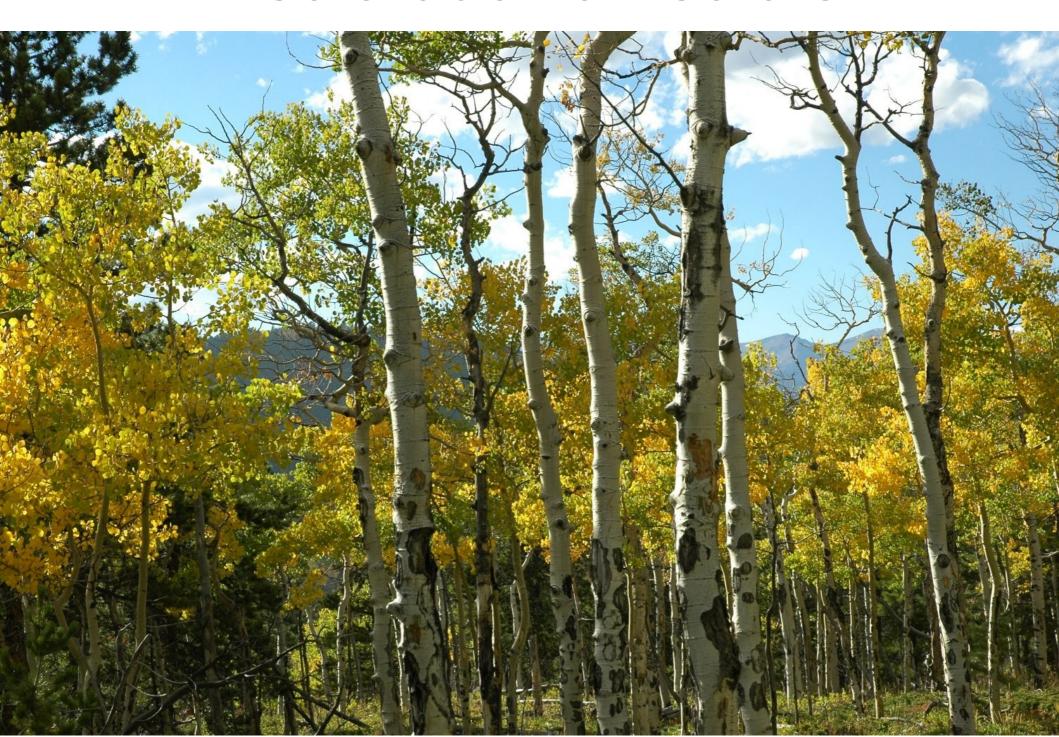
# Graphic Design

- 2D vs. 3D
  - Cool vs. informative
- Edward R. Tufte
  - Visual Explanations
  - Envisioning Information
  - The Visual Display of Quantitative Information
  - Beautiful Evidence

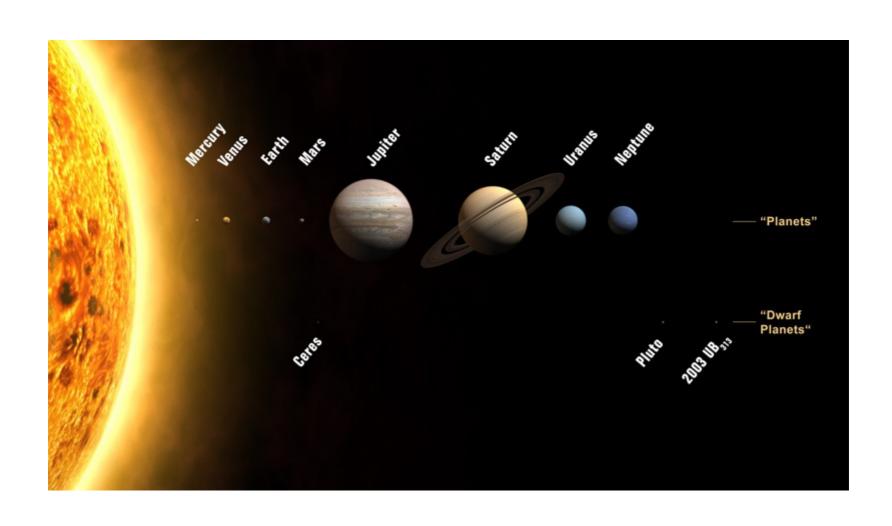
# Saturn from Cassini Probe



# Colorado Fall Colors



# What is wrong with this picture?



# In the beginning....



# Storage Tube Terminals



# Storage Display Images



# Color: Multiple Pen Plotters



# Raster Graphic Terminals





# Color Inkjets



# Workstations: Apollo DN 330 12 MHz 68020, 3MB RAM, 70MB disk







# Workstation, Desktop, Laptop, Phone, Communicator..





# Plotting Packages

- PLOT-10: Tektronix 4010 graphics
- PLOT88: PC graphics
- DISSPLA: NCAR graphics
- GINO: Portable graphics
- DIGLIB: LLNL device-independent, open source
- GKS: Graphics Kernel System (2D vector)
- PHIGS: 3D Interactive Graphics
- OpenGL and DirectX

# The rise of OpenGL

- Originated as SGI IrisGL
- Vendor-neutral OpenGL controlled by ARB
- Hides the details of hardware
  - Software emulation when necessary
  - Hardware acceleration when possible
- Supports 2D to advanced 3D graphics
- Portable to most hardware and OS with WGL, AGL and GLX
- Hardware range from phones to Big Iron

## Focus of OpenGL

- OpenGL 1 (1992)
  - Hardware abstraction
- OpenGL 2 (2004)
  - Add Shaders (Programming the GPU)
- OpenGL 3 (2008)
  - Focus on shaders and new hardware
  - Deprecates many features
- OpenGL 4 (2010)
  - Core & Compatibility Profiles
  - Merge desktop and embedded versions

# Gaming and Graphics

- Text based/ASCII graphics (Pong, PacMan)
- 2D monochrome line graphics (Astroids)
- 2D images & sprites (Mario)
- 3D graphics
  - Flight Simulators (2D -> 3D)
  - First Person Shooters
  - Multi-player games
- Games push the envelope
  - Realism
  - Speed