Introduction to OpenGL

CSCI 4229/5229 Computer Graphics Fall 2008

OpenGL by Example

- Learn OpenGL by reading
- nehe.gamedev.net
 - Excellent free tutorial
 - Code available for many platforms and languages
- OpenGL: A Primer (3ed) by Edward Angel
 - Short and sweet
- OpenGL Programming Guide (Red Book)
 - Free older editions as PDF
- OpenGL Superbible
 - Theory and Applications

What is OpenGL?

- Sometimes called a language, actually an Application Programming Interface (API)
- Specification is controlled by OpenGL Architecture Review Board (ARB)
- Multiple implementations by different vendors
 - Mesa & FreeGLUT free implementations
- OpenGL just does real time graphics
 - Need GLX/WGL/AGL for windowing and input
 - Limited font support (in GLUT)
 - No sound, printing, etc. support

OpenGL Versions

- 1.0 Initial release (1992)
- 1.1 Major upgrade (1997)
 - Lastest version on some Windows system
- 1.2 Improves textures (1998)
- 1.3-1.5 Incremental improvements (2001-2003)
- 2.0 Relaxes resrictions, adds shader (2004)
- 2.1 Incremental improvement (2006)
- 3.0 Support advanced hardware features (2008)

OpenGL APIs

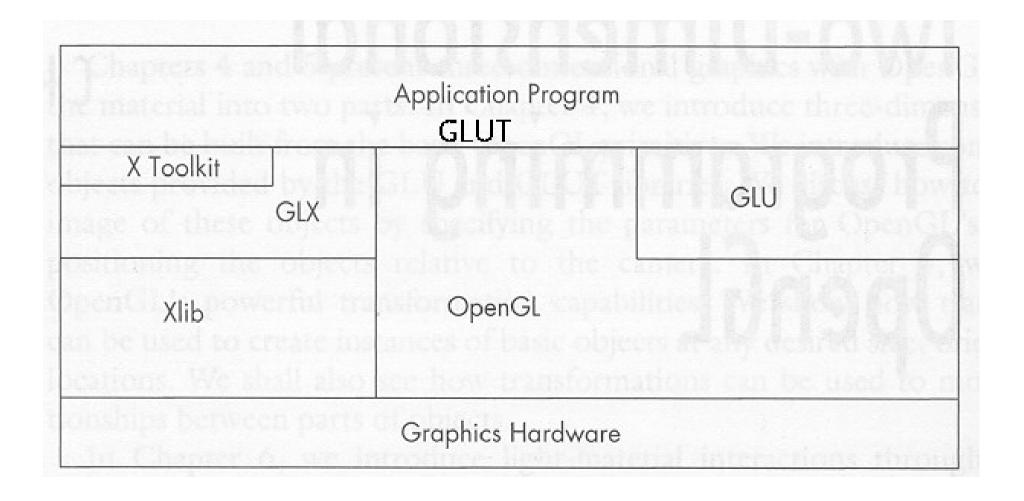
- Languages
 - C, C++, C#
 - FORTRAN
 - Java
 - Perl
 - Python
 - Ada
- Packages
 - Qt (QGLWidget)
 - Many others

OpenGL and Friends

	Application Program	
GLUT	and and there should be an area.	MU NO WOLDING BUILD
GLX or WGL or AGL		GLU
Window System	OpenGL	
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	Graphics Hardware	

From *OpenGL: A Primer*

OpenGL on X11



From OpenGL: A Primer

GLU: OpenGL Utility

- Higher Level and Convenience Functions
 - Projections
 - Creating texture maps
 - NURBS, quadrics, tessalation
 - Predefined objects (sphere, cylinder, teapot)
- Collections of calls for convenience
- Standard with all OpenGL implementations

GLUT: GL Utility Toolkit

- Provides access to OS and Window System
 - Open windows and setting size and capabilities
 - Register and triggers callbacks
 - Keyboard and mouse interaction
 - Elementary fonts
- Not part of OpenGL, but provides a portable abstraction of the OS
 - FreeGLUT
 - OpenGLUT
- Alternatives: SDL, Qt, ...

Header Files and Libraries

- Usually you only need
 - #define GL_GLEXT_PROTOTYPES
 - #include <GL/glut.h>
- Header file locations
 - /usr/include/GL on most systems
- Linking may only need
 - -l glut
- Special cases
 - Some unices put OpenGL in /usr/X11R6
 - OS/X separates GL and GLUT
 - Windows differs depending on the compiler

OpenGL Naming Convention

- glDoSomethingXy()
 - DoSomething is the name of the function
 - X is 2 or 3 or 4 for the dimension
 - y is for the the variable type

• d GLdouble (double)

```
b GLbyte (signed char) 8 bit
s GLshort (signed short) 16 bit
i GLint (signed int) 32 bit
ub GLubyte (unsigned char) 8 bit
us GLushort (unsigned short) 16 bit
ui GLuint (unsigned int) 32 bit
f GLfloat (float) 32 bit
```

64 bit

OpenGL Naming Example

- Vertex
 - glVertex3i(0, 0, 1)
 - glVertex2d(27.34, 88.12)
 - glVertex3dv(array)
- Few functions return a value
- Most functions created by name mangling
- Constants are GL_SOMETHING
- Variable types are GLsomething

GLUT and GLU Naming

- Functions
 - glutDoSomething
 - gluDoSomething
- Constants
 - GLUT_SOMETHING
 - GLU_SOMETHING
- You can always tell by the name which API supplies a function or constant
- Avoid things starting with glx, wgl & agl

GLUT: GL Utility Toolkit

- Supplies interface to OS
 - Windowing
 - Interaction
- Hello World in GLUT (well sorta)

```
int main(int argc,char* argv[])
{
   glutInit(&argc,argv);
   glutCreateWindow(Hello World);
   glutDisplayFunc(display);
   glutMainLoop();
}
```

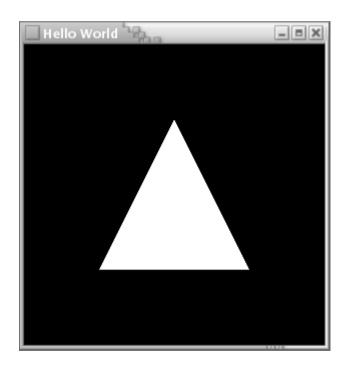
Completing Hello World

Draw a triangle

```
#include <GL/glut.h>
void display()
 glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);
 glBegin(GL_POLYGON);
 glVertex2f(0.0,0.5);
 glVertex2f(0.5,-0.5);
 glVertex2f(-0.5,-0.5);
 glEnd();
 glFlush();
```

Compile, link and run

- cc -o helloworld helloworld.c -lglut
- Heavily relies on defaults
 - Window
 - Viewport
 - Projection
 - Color



Event Driven Programming

- Don't call us, we'll call you
 - register callbacks corresponding to events
 - similar to interrupt driven programs
- DO NOT explicitly call display()
 - request redisplay using glutPostRedisplay()
- NEVER call sleep()
 - use global/static variables and wall time for timing
 - use glutTimerFunc() for regular events
- Return control as soon as possible

Types of Objects

- glBegin(type)
 - GL_POINTS points
 - GL_LINES lines between pairs of points
 - GL_LINE_STRIP series of line segments
 - GL_LINE_LOOP closed GL_LINE_STRIP
 - GL_POLYGON simple polygon
 - GL_TRIANGLES triangles between triples of points
 - GL_TRIANGLE_STRIP series of triangles
 - GL_TRIANGLE_FAN fan of triangles
- Set coordinates with glVertex
- glEnd()

Qualifiers

- glPointSize(float size)
 - POINT size in pixels (default 1)
- glLineWidth(float width)
 - LINE width in pixels (default 1)
- glLineStipple(int factor, unsigned short pattern)
 - LINE type
 - Requires glEnable(GL_LINE_STIPPLE)

Color

- Default is RGB color
 - X11 TrueColor
 - R,G,B 0-1 or integer range
 - glColor3f(1.0, 0.0.0.0)
 - glColor3b(127, 0, 0);
 - glColor3ub(255, 0, 0);
 - glColor3fv(rgbarray);
- Color can also contain transparency (alpha)
 - glColor4f(1.0, 0.0.0.0, 0.5);
 - Default alpha=1 (opaque)
- Stays in effect until you change color

Indexed Color

- X11 Direct Color
 - Based on a colormap
- Set color using glIndexi(27)
- Need to load colors into color map using glutSetColor()
- Use RGB color unless hardware constrained

Displaying a scene

- Register using glutDisplayFunc()
- glClear()
- Draw Something
- glFlush()
- glutSwapBuffers()
- Schedule using glutPostRedisplay()

Transformations

- Transformation apply to everything that follows
- Transformations are cumulative
 - Call glLoadIdentity() in display()
- Primitive operations
 - glLoadIdentity();
 - glTranslate[fd](dx , dy , dz)
 - glScale[fd](Sx , Sy , Sz)
 - glRotate[fd](angle, Ux, Uy, Uz)

glTranslate[fd](dx, dy, dz);

- Move an object in three dimensions
- Allows you to easily produce multiple copies of an object
- Always takes 3D coordinates (float or double)

glScale[fd](Sx, Sy, Sz)

- Change the scale along the axes
- Multiplicative factors
 - |S| < 1 shrink
 - |S|>1 expand
 - Negative values creates mirror image
- Allows you to easily create multiple copies of the same type at different sizes

glRotate[fd](angle, Ux, Uy, Uz)

- Rotates around the origin and axis (Ux,Uy,Uz)
- Angle is measured in degrees
- The axis can be a primary axis (X,Y,Z) but may be axis
- Allows you to create multiple copies of the same object viewed from different sides, or to view the scene from different positions

Temporary Transformations

- glPushMatrix()
 - Saves the current transformation
- glPopMatrix()
 - Resets the transformation to what it was when you did the push
- Allows you to build complex transformations and then get them back

Compound Transformations

- Rotate angle around the point (X,Y,Z) and axis (Ux,Uy,Uz)
 - glTranslated(-X,-Y,-Z)
 - glRotated(angle,Ux,Uy,Uz)
 - glTranslated(X,Y,Z)
- OpenGL does this intelligently

Projections

- Orthographic
 - glOrtho(left,right,bottom,top,near,far)
 - Same size regardless of distance
 - Easiest to use
- Perspective
 - glFrustrum(left,right,bottom,top,near,far)
 - Closer objects are bigger
 - GLU convenience functions
 - gluPerspective(fov,aspect,Znear,Zfar)
 - gluLookAt(Ex,Ey,Ez , Cx,Cy,Cz , Ux,Uy,Uz)

Text

- OpenGL provides only hooks for fonts
- Stroked fonts
 - Lines and fills write the characters
- Bitmap (raster) fonts
 - Characters are raster images
- Orientation, size, etc. treated just like any other drawing elements

Text using GLUT

- glutBitmapCharacter(GLUT_SOMEFONT,ch)
 - Single charcter
 - Limited font selection
- glRasterPos3d(x,y,z)
 - Sets position to write text in (x,y,z) coordinates
- glWindowPos2i(x,y)
 - Sets position to write text in pixels coordinates

Registering Callbacks

- Display
 - glutDisplayFunc()Draw the scene
 - glutReshapeFunc() Window resized
 - glutIdleFunc()
 Nothing more scheduled
- User input
 - glutKeyboardFunc() Key pressed
 - glutSpecialFunc()Special key pressed
 - glutMouseFunc()Mouse button
 - glutMotionFunc()Mouse motion
- Many more

Keyboard Input

- special(int key,int x,int y)
 - Cursor keys GLUT_KEY_LEFT, GLUT_KEY_UP,...
 - Function keys GLUT_KEY_Fx
 - Basically anything not an ASCII key
- keyboard(char ch,int x,int y)
 - Regular keystrokes
- (x,y) is the mouse position in pixels

Setting Modes

- glutInitDisplayMode
 - Interfaces with the window manager to get the right kind of window (BE CAREFUL ABOUT DEFAULTS)
- glEnable() & glDisable()
 - Switches OpenGL into various modes
 - GL_DEPTH_TEST
 - GL_ALPHA_TEST
 - GL_CULL_FACE
 - GL_LIGHTING
 - Different modes for different objects

Checking for Errors

- OpenGL fails silently
- Functions do not return an error code
- glGetError() must be called explicitly to check for errors
- A black screen is a sure signal of an error