

# **Texture Mapping**

**CSCI 4229/5229**

**Computer Graphics**

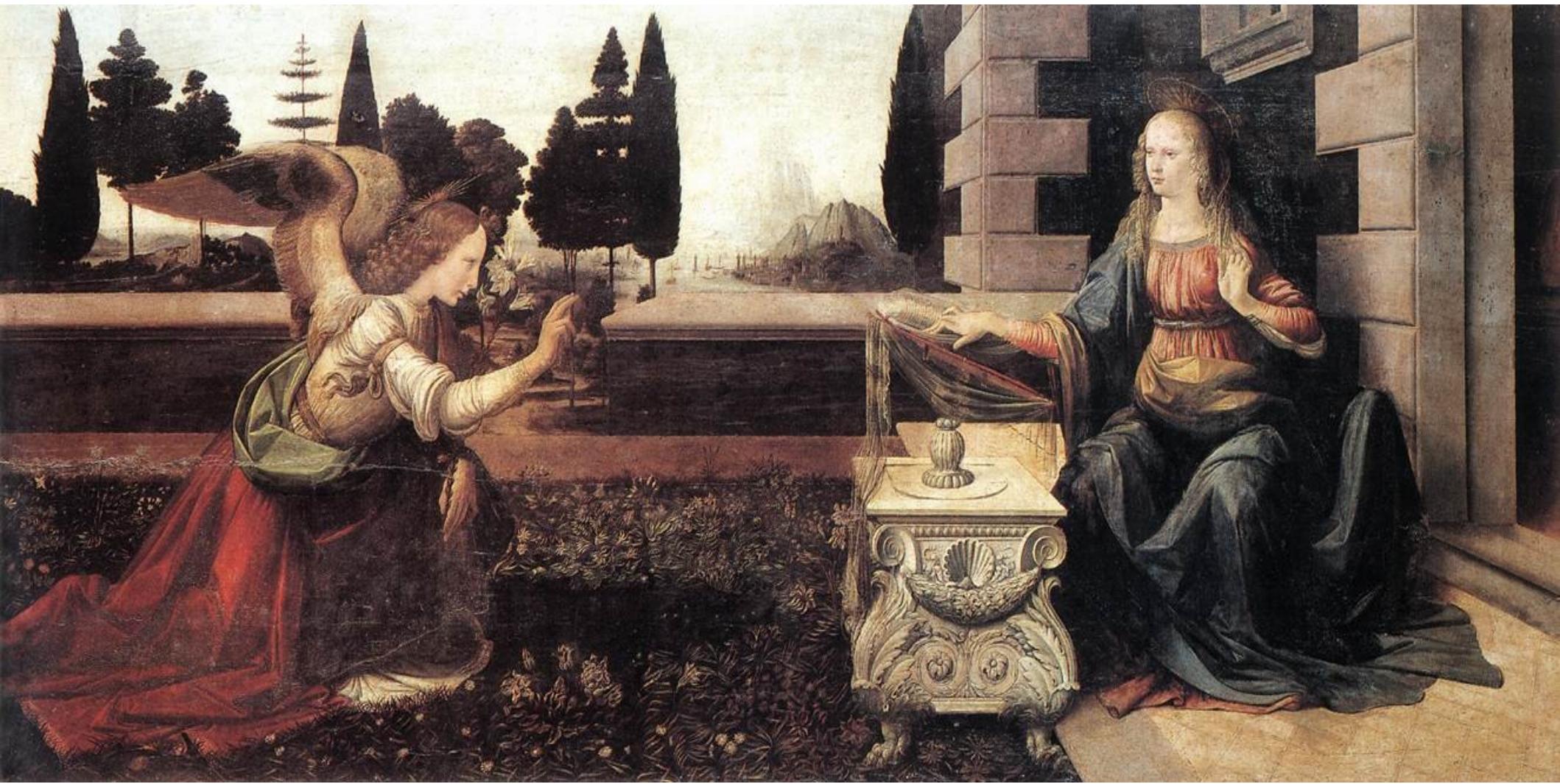
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# What are texture maps?

- Bitmap images used to assign fine texture to displayed surfaces
- Used to make surfaces appear more realistic
- Must move with the surfaces
- Can be stretched or repeated

# *Annunciation*

## Leonardo da Vinci (1472)



# OpenGL Texture Types

- Images are draped over polygon surfaces
- 1D, 2D and 3D textures
  - $(s,t,r,q)$  coordinates
  - 2D uses  $(s,t)$ ,  $q$  is the homogeneous  $w$
- 1D, 2D and 3D textures set separately
- 2D textures most commonly used

# OpenGL Texture Calls

- `glGenTextures`
  - Returns unused texture name(s)
- `glBindTexture`
  - Sets the active (current) texture
- `glTexImage*`
  - Copies image to texture memory
- `glTexCoord*`
  - Sets texture coordinates for vertex
- `glTexEnv*`, `glTexParameter*`
  - Control application of textures

# Creating a Texture

- `glGenTextures(1,&texname);`
  - Returns unique texture name
- `glBindTexture(GL_TEXTURE_2D,texname);`
  - First use –allocates memory and makes current
- `glTexImage2D(GL_TEXTURE_2D,0,3,dx,dy,  
0,GL_RGB,GL_UNSIGNED_BYTE,image);`
  - Copies RGB *image* to texture memory (size  $dx \times dy$ )
  - Image size must be power of two before OpenGL 2

# Setting the Texture Properties

```
glTexParameteri(GL_TEXTURE_2D,  
    GL_TEXTURE_MAG_FILTER,GL_LINEAR);
```

- How to magnify texture

```
glTexParameteri(GL_TEXTURE_2D,  
    GL_TEXTURE_MIN_FILTER,GL_LINEAR);
```

- How to minify texture

```
glTexEnvi(GL_TEXTURE_2D,  
    GL_TEXTURE_ENV_MODE,GL_MODULATE);
```

- How textures interact with underlying surface

# Applying a Texture Map

```
glBindTexture(GL_TEXTURE_2D,texname);  
glBegin(GL_POLYGON);  
for (i=0;i<n;i++)  
{  
    glTexCoord2d(r[i],s[i]);  
    glVertex3d(x[i],y[i],z[i]);  
}  
glEnd();
```

# MIPmaps

- *multum in parvo* (much in little)
- Textures adapted to great distances
  - Level 0=64x64, Level 1=32x32, ... , Level 6=1x1
- Can be generated manually or automatically
  - `gluBuild2DMipmaps()`
  - `gluBuild2DMipmapLevels()`

# Multiple Textures

- `glActivateTexture(GL_TEXTUREn);`
  - Call BEFORE `glBindTexture()` etc
- Specify multiple texture coordinates per vertex
  - `glMultiTexCoord2f(GL_TEXTURE0,r0,s0);`
  - `glMultiTexCoord2f(GL_TEXTURE1,r1,s1);`
  - `glMultiTexCoord2f(GL_TEXTURE2,r2,s2);`
  - `glVertex3d(x,y,z);`

# Automatic Texture Coordinates

- `glTexGen*`()
  - Can generate textures automatically for polygons
- `glutSolidTeapot()`
  - Textures coordinates generated
- `gluQuadric` objects
  - `gluQuadricTexture(obj,bool)` controls automatic texture coordinate generation

# Creating a Texture

- `glGenTextures(n,texture[]);`
  - Returns  $n$  unique texture names
- `glBindTexture(GL_TEXTURE_2D,texture);`
  - First use –allocates memory and makes current
  - Subsequent uses just makes it current
  - All operations applies to current texture
    - Current texture is applied to surfaces
    - Current texture is modified by `glTexImage`, etc

```
glTexImage2D(GL_TEXTURE_2D, 0, 3, dx, dy,  
0, GL_RGB, GL_UNSIGNED_BYTE, image);
```

- `GL_TEXTURE_2D` or `GL_PROXY_TEXTURE_2D`
- Level 0 (or higher for MIPmaps)
- Internal representation 3 (or one of many others)
- Size  $dx \times dy$  [must be  $2^n$  before OpenGL 2.0]
- Border 0 (none) or 1 (pixel width)
- Source image is RGB (or one of many others)
- Source data is unsigned char (or short, etc)
- Image data pointer (can be freed after call)

```
glTexParameter*(GL_TEXTURE_2D,par,val);
```

- GL\_TEXTURE\_MAG\_FILTER (magnification)
  - GL\_LINEAR (interpolate)
  - GL\_NEAREST
- GL\_TEXTURE\_MIN\_FILTER (minification)
  - GL\_LINEAR (interpolate)
  - GL\_NEAREST
  - GL\_NEAREST\_MIPMAP\_NEAREST
  - GL\_NEAREST\_MIPMAP\_LINEAR
  - GL\_LINEAR\_MIPMAP\_NEAREST
  - GL\_LINEAR\_MIPMAP\_LINEAR

```
glTexParameter*(GL_TEXTURE_2D,par,val);
```

- GL\_TEXTURE\_WRAP\_S (horizontal)
- GL\_TEXTURE\_WRAP\_T (vertical)
- GL\_TEXTURE\_WRAP\_R (depth)
  - GL\_REPEAT (ignore integer part of  $s,t$ )
  - GL\_MIRRORED\_REPEAT (odds backward)
  - GL\_CLAMP (use end color beyond (0,1) )
  - GL\_CLAMP\_TO\_EDGE
  - GL\_CLAMP\_TO\_BORDER

```
glTexParameter*(GL_TEXTURE_2D,par,val);
```

- **GL\_TEXTURE\_BORDER\_COLOR**
  - Set border RGBA (4 component float vector)
- **GL\_TEXTURE\_PRIORITY** (0-1)
- *and many more ...*

# `glTexEnvi(GL_TEXTURE_2D, val, par)`

- `GL_TEXTURE_ENV_MODE`
  - `GL_MODULATE` (multiply)
  - `GL_REPLACE`
  - `GL_DECAL` (transparent combine)
  - `GL_BLEND`
  - `GL_COMBINE`
  - `GL_ADD` (arithmetic)
- *and many more ...*