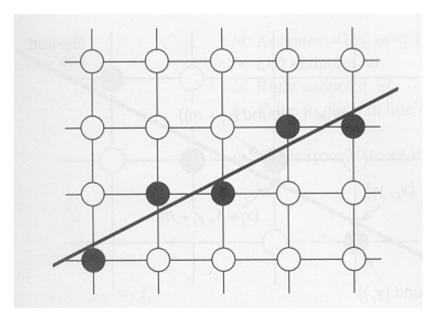
Drawing Lines & Anti-Aliasing CSCI 4229/5229 Computer Graphics Fall 2016

Scan Converting Lines

- Which pixels to turn on?
 - Floating point
 - Bresenham algorithm



Floating Point Algorithm

Functional form

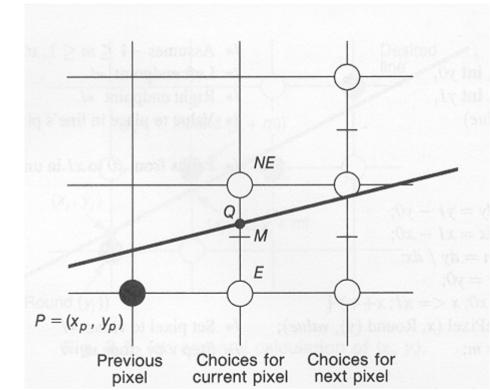
 $y = (x - x_0)(y_1 - y_0)/(x_1 - x_0) + y_0 \text{ (use when } |y_1 - y_0| < |x_1 - x_0|)$ $x = (y - y_0)(x_1 - x_0)/(y_1 - y_0) + x_0 \text{ (use when } |x_1 - x_0| < |y_1 - y_0|)$

- Evaluate y or x at integral values of x or y
- Round result to nearest integer to decide pixel
- Slow
 - integer -> float
 - float multiply and two float additions
 - float -> integer

Bresenham Algorithm

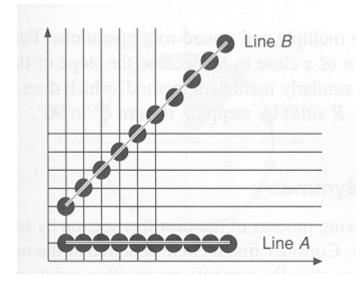
- Select next pixel from two choices: E or NE
 - Only works when slope is <=1
 - Is midpoint above or below the line?
- All integer operations

One or two adds



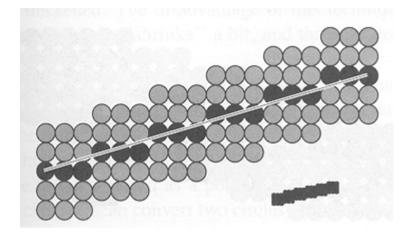
Line intensity

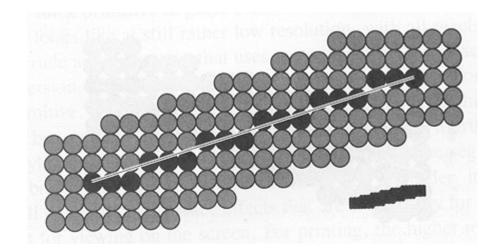
- Lines parallel to axes appear more dense than lines at 45 degree angles by $\sqrt{2}$
- If this is an issue you can adjust the pixel intensity inversely proportional to the cosine



Thick Lines

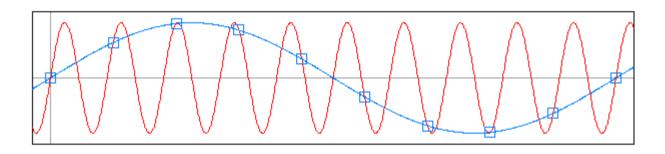
- Column replication
- Rectangular pen
- Polygon fill





Anti-aliasing in signal processing

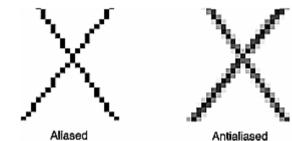
• Discrete samples of a signal

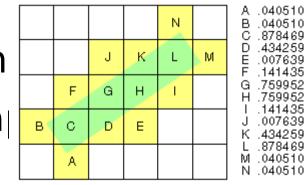


Low and high frequency samples are the same

Anti-aliasing in Computer Graphics

- Aliased lines
 - Discrete pixels are turned on
 - Nearest pixel selected
 - Leads to "jaggies"
- Anti-aliased lines
 - Pixels are partially turned on
 - Level selected by line overla
 - Leads to smoother lines





OpenGL Anti-aliased Lines

- glEnable(GL_LINE_SMOOTH);
- glEnable(GL_BLEND);
- glBlendFunc (GL_SRC_ALPHA, GL_ONE_MINUS_SRC_ALPHA);
- glLineWidth(1.5);